

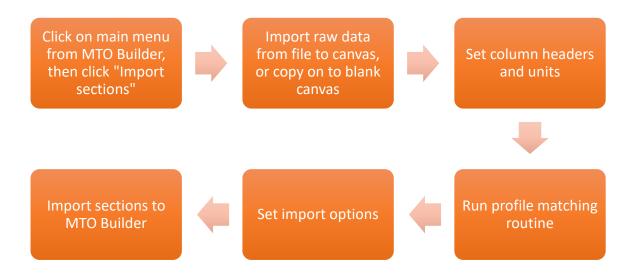


QUICK START GUIDE 2: THE IMPORT CANVAS

This note guide users on how to import sections quickly from a raw data file provided by a client.

1. OVERVIEW

The process followed when importing data is as follows:



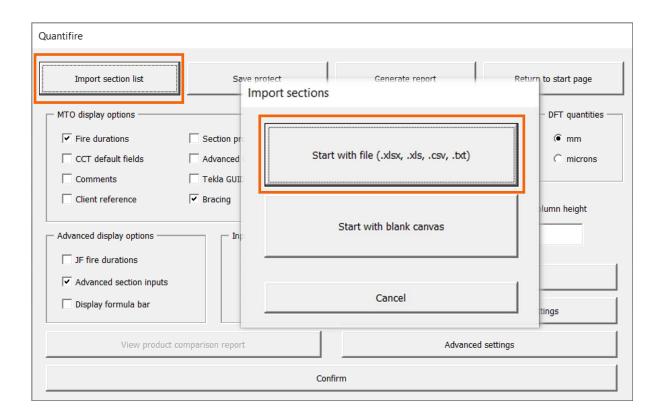
2. ACCESSING THE IMPORT FEATURE

From the MTO Builder page click the Quantifire logo to open the main menu. The import feature is accessed via the top-left button. The user then has the choice of selecting a raw-data file to import, or they can start with a blank canvas. Compatible raw-data file types include .xlsx, .xls, .xlsm, .csv, and .txt files.

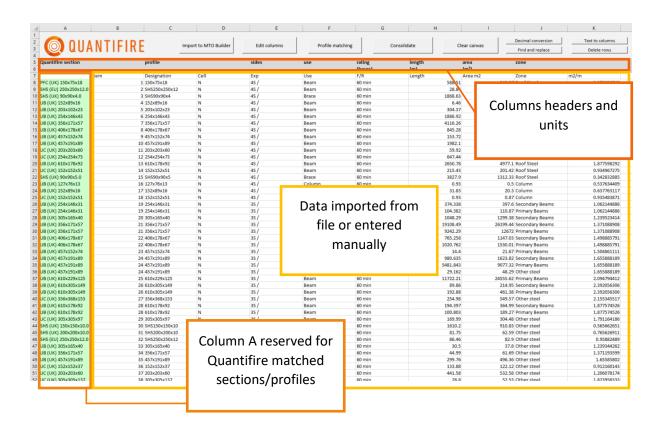
Use a blank canvas if the raw data is in a format not compatible with Quantifire's built-in recognition routines. When writing or pasting sections note that column A is reserved for the Quantifire matched section. Do not enter information into this column manually.

Note: the import routine is compatible with cellular beams, but only for a single design of hole shape, size and spacing.





The canvas consists of three main parts as shown below. Note: Quantifire must match each section on the canvas with a corresponding built-in section before it can be imported into MTO Builder. This is explained further below.



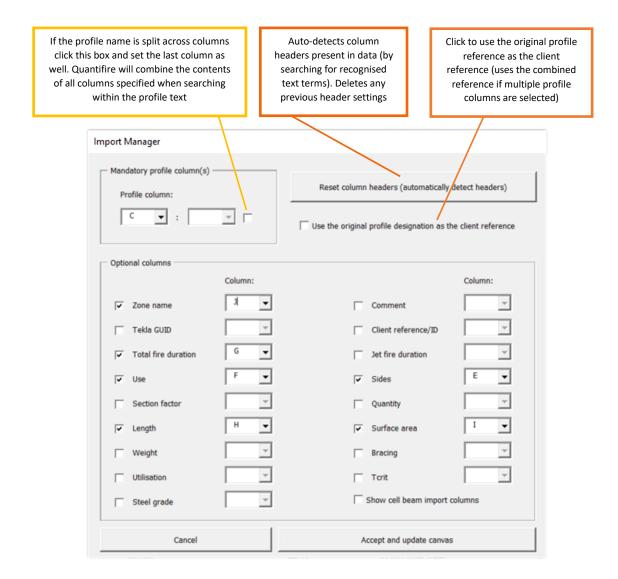


3. SETTING COLUMN HEADERS AND UNITS

Correct setting of the column headers is critical for the import function to work. After importing a raw data file or manually entering the section list, the column headers are set by clicking *Edit columns*. A menu will open where the user can select the columns that are present and set the corresponding canvas column.

Note that Quantifire will automatically attempt to detect the columns present when a raw data file is imported. This process can be manually initiated via the *Edit columns* button.

Click *Accept* and the import canvas will update, showing the headers in rows 5 to 7. Up to three headers can be assigned to the same column.





Cellular beam column headers can be defined. The designation text for the cellular beam must still be entered in the *Profile* column. Attributes associated with the beam's geometry and failure criteria can be set by the user in their respective columns. Where these are not provided by the user, the conservative defaults in the settings will be adopted.

Check this box to display the cellular beam optional column headers. When checked, the dialogue box will extend downwards to show the relevant inputs. Import Manager Mandatory profile column(s) Reset column headers (automatically detect headers) Profile column: Use the original profile designation as the client reference Optional columns Column: Column: Zone name Tekla GUID Client reference/ID Ŧ v Surface area Tcrit Show cell beam import columns Steel grade Cellular beam optional columns Cell beams are cut from serial sections Total depth Hole shape \forall Hole diameter (width) w Web post width Minimum endpost Web Tcrit Flange Tcrit Flange section factor Accept and update canvas If the serial section (top and bottom tee) columns are Only one of either (a) web post width, shown, do not put anything in them. They will be or (b) spacing, can be selected. filled automatically during the profile matching, based on the given profile designation.

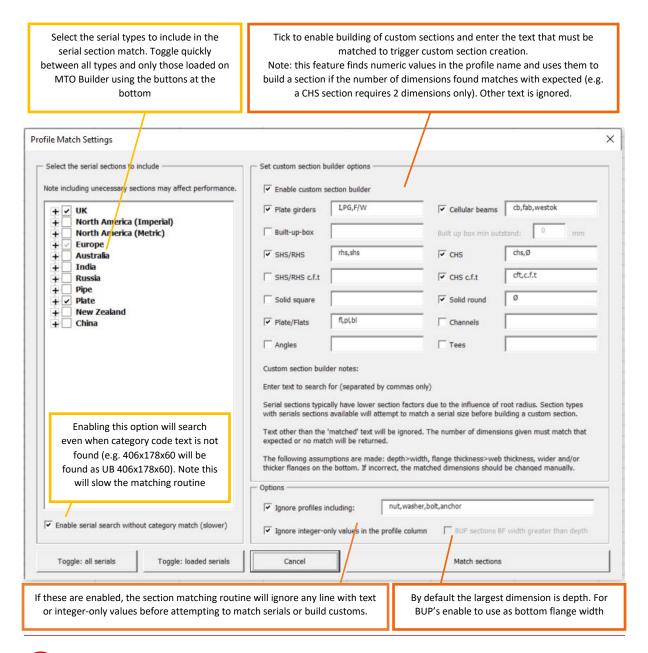


4. QUANTIFIRE SECTION MATCHING

Before sections/profiles can be imported into Quantifire, they must be matched with the equivalent section in the Quantifire database, or entered as Quantifire custom sections. Quantifire will attempt to match the sections automatically when a raw data file is imported. If working from a blank canvas this must be initiated manually via the *Profile matching* button. This opens the options as shown below.

The section matching routine will attempt to match or build sections in the following order:

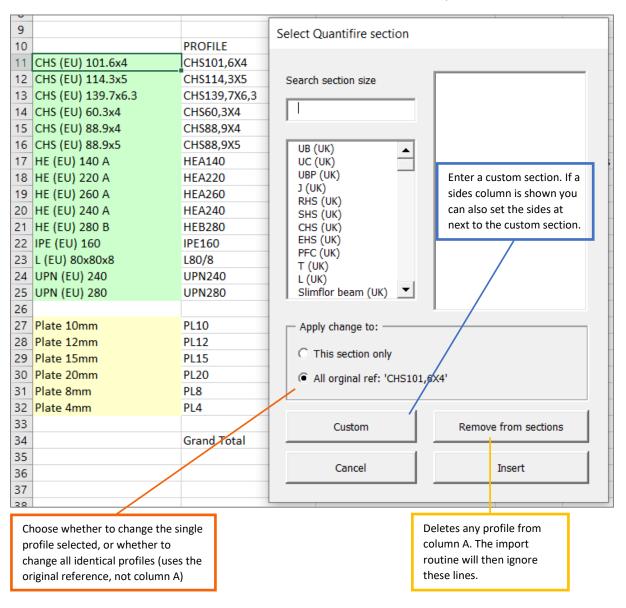
- 1) Custom section builder for non-serial types (plate girders, cell beams, concrete filled tubes, built up boxes)
- 2) Serial section match for the types selected
- 3) Serial section match without a category code text match, if enabled
- 4) Custom section builder for serial types when an ideal match is not found (CHS, SHS, RHS, T, L, Channel and Flat sections). Note: serials sections typically have better properties and so are prioritised.





5. MANUALLY MATCHING SECTIONS

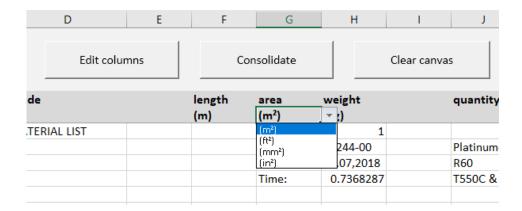
The automatic matching routines may give an incorrect result or no result. To correct or remove a matched section, click on any row in column A. In the window that pops-up the user can select an alternative section, enter a custom section, or remove the section entirely.





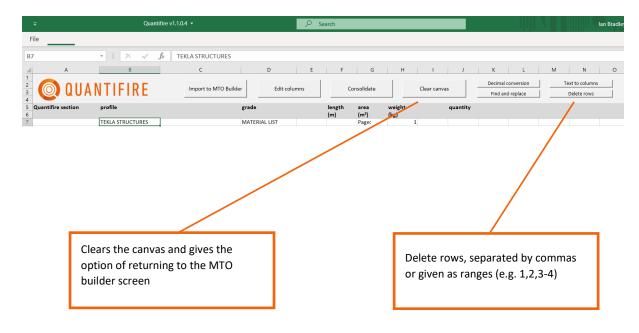
6. CANVAS FEATURES

Length, area and weight columns have units displayed underneath. Click on the units directly to change them as appropriate.



There are further features to help the user manipulate data they load or copy/paste onto the canvas:

- Text to columns allows users to break text across columns
- Find and replace allows the user to swap unrecognised text for text understood by Quantifire (e.g. "Compression member" for "Column")
- Decimal conversion will swap all points for commas and vice-versa (note that regional setting may automatically alter what is displayed on-screen, however this does not matter if the number is correct).

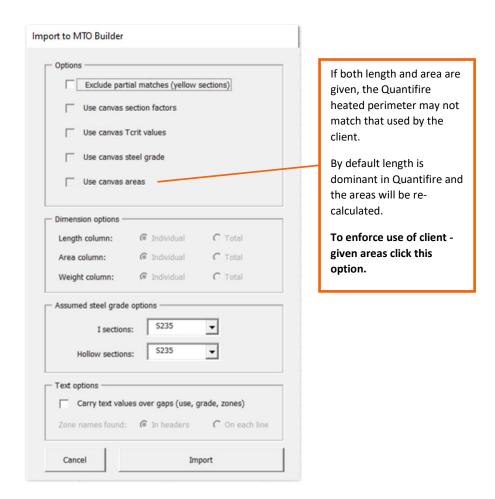




7. IMPORTING TO MTO BUILDER

Once the canvas is complete, click Import to MTO Builder. Only rows with a profile in column A are considered, regardless of whether there is text present in other columns.

The main import options are shown below. The length, area and weight columns must be set to either total or individual. Note that when multiple dimensioning columns are present (e.g. length and area) Quantifire considers length dominant, and calculates the surface area and weight per metre of the sections based on the imported length from in-built section dimensions. When multiple quantity columns are present (e.g. weight and area) this can lead to small discrepancies between the import and the original data. To force Quantifire to use the values on the canvas click the appropriate boxes.



It is common for areas to be reported as total surface areas, ignoring the reduction in fireproofed areas for beams due to the concrete slab. To convert areas of beams to account for a reduction from 4 sides to 3 sides click to use the canvas area values and then click the additional box that appears.

Some text columns (use, bracing) may be present as headers, not as entries for every section. Clicking *Text columns contain gaps* will retain the last detected value during import until an alternative value is found. Leaving this unchecked will cause Quantifire to revert to the default for that section type unless a specific value is found on every row. Note that the values must be in the same row as Quantifire profiles in column A, otherwise they will be ignored.

If not using Tcrit values from the canvas the user will be prompted which method to use, and then Quantifire will copy the sections to the MTO Builder.



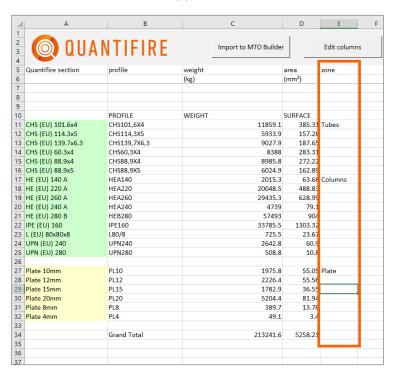
8. ZONES

By default, all sections are entered into whatever zone was selected on the MTO Builder page when the import feature was initialised.



Sections can be imported directly into zones by enabling a zones column on the *Edit columns* form. This process will create the necessary zones if they do not exist.

Zone names should be entered in the zones column. Ensure they are either in the same row as a Quantifire matched section in column A (see below) or are above the zone (as headers) and select the appropriate option when importing. Note that zone names are always retained until an alternative name is detected, hence there is no need to copy zone names across all sections as shown below.



Questions? Please refer to the main user guide or contact us at quantifire@pfpspecialists.co.uk

